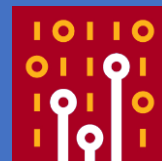




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Practical TraceWrangling

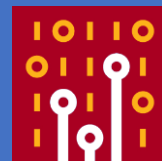
Exploring Capture file
manipulation/extraction scenarios

Jasper Bongertz

Airbus CyberSecurity



About me

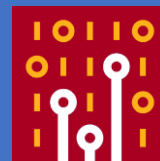


- Working at Airbus CyberSecurity
- Network analysis & forensics since 2003
 - NetXRay, Sniffer Pro/Distributed, ClearSight
 - Ethereal since... uh... version 0.9something
- Creator of
 - TraceWrangler
 - blog.packet-foo.com





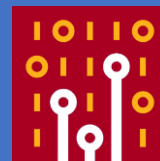
Agenda



1. Tracewrangler?!
2. File and Task Concepts
3. Editing PCAP(ng)s
4. Extracting packets
5. Demos/Scenarios



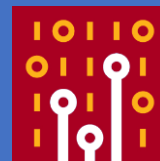
TraceWrangler



- Trace („pcap“) file manipulation toolkit
- Decodes protocol layers and performs tasks like
 - Sanitization / Anonymization
 - Layer removal/manipulation
 - Packet/Flow extractions
 - Merging



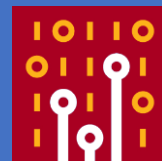
Wireshark /TraceWrangler



Wireshark	Tracewrangler
Has a Gazillion of protocol dissectors	34 protocols parsed as of Sharkfest 2018
Displays decoded protocols	Doesn't show protocol decodes
One file displayed/opened at a time	Filelist can hold hundreds or thousands of files
Supports powerful filters for everything	Only very basic filtering (Addresses, Ports)
Conversation statistics for the current file	Conversation statistics for all scanned files
No/very manual packet manipulation features	Fully automatic packet manipulation



The file list



- List of files, to be processed by tasks
- List of tasks, containing parameters for file processing
- File details pane
 - Shows file scan results, if available

No.	Filename	Size (Bytes)	Type	First Frame Time	Duration	Frames	Status
10	TWDemo_00010_20140706192321.pcapng	250,00 M	PCAPng	06.07.2014 19:23:22	00:07:33.477843000	401.006	No task assigned
11	TWDemo_00011_20140706193055.pcapng	250,00 M	PCAPng	06.07.2014 19:30:55	00:07:24.634570000	398.430	No task assigned
12	TWDemo_00012_20140706193819.pcapng	250,00 M	PCAPng	06.07.2014 19:38:20	00:07:31.874371000	398.381	No task assigned
13	TWDemo_00013_20140706194551.pcapng	250,00 M	PCAPng	06.07.2014 19:45:52	00:07:21.019581000	391.353	No task assigned
14	TWDemo_00014_20140706195312.pcapng	250,00 M	PCAPng	06.07.2014 19:53:13	00:07:27.485911000	401.217	No task assigned
15	TWDemo_00015_20140706200040.pcapng	250,00 M	PCAPng	06.07.2014 20:00:40	00:07:12.805103000	396.024	No task assigned
16	TWDemo_00016_20140706200753.pcapng	250,00 M	PCAPng	06.07.2014 20:07:53	00:07:22.326077000	392.741	No task assigned
17	TWDemo_00017_20140706201515.pcapng	250,00 M	PCAPng	06.07.2014 20:15:16	00:08:04.771088000	399.704	No task assigned
18	TWDemo_00018_20140706202320.pcapng	250,00 M	PCAPng	06.07.2014 20:23:20	00:08:10.048139000	393.876	No task assigned
19	TWDemo_00019_20140706203130.pcapng	250,00 M	PCAPng	06.07.2014 20:31:30	00:07:54.859490000	397.635	No task assigned
20	TWDemo_00020_20140706203925.pcapng	250,00 M	PCAPng	06.07.2014 20:39:25	00:05:37.607047000	381.281	No task assigned

Taskname

- Anonymize Files
Remove sensitive details
- Extract from Files
Extract specific packets
- Edit Files
Edit/remove layers
- Merge Files
Merge and filter packets

File Details

Filename: C:\Traces\Interesting\Gigatrace2\TWDemo_00010_20140706192321.pcapng

Frame Count: 401.006 Frames sliced: no Sliced Size: n/a

First Frame: 06.07.2014 19:23:22 Last Frame: 06.07.2014 19:30:55 Duration: 00:07:33.477843000 h

Min Frame Size: 64 bytes Max Frame Size: 1.518 bytes Average Size: 620 bytes

Data Size: 248.696.599 bytes Header Overhead: 13.448.577 bytes Time Order: correct

Scan Status: all packets scanned for general statistics and PCAPng structure Interface Count: 1

Frame Comments: 0

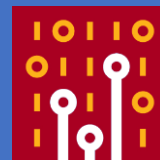
File Comment: n/a

QuickInfo PCAPng Structure Log

Status: idle Files: 20 Total Frames: 7.876.385 Total Bytes: 4.978.516.886



Adding files



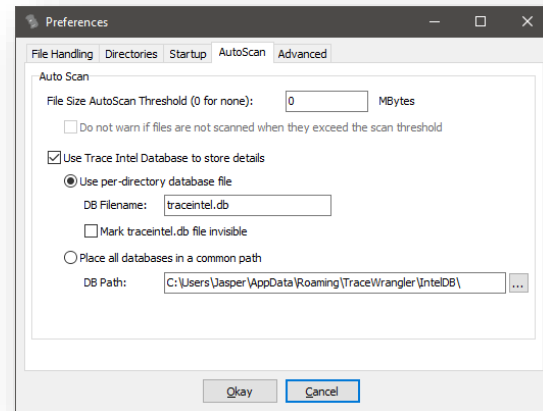
- Use the „Add Files“ button to add single or multiple files via file dialog
- „Add directory“ to add all capture files found in a directory (plus subdirectories by default)
- Drag & drop
- Via command line parameter (just specify the filename with path)
- Via pop-up menu



PCAP indexing

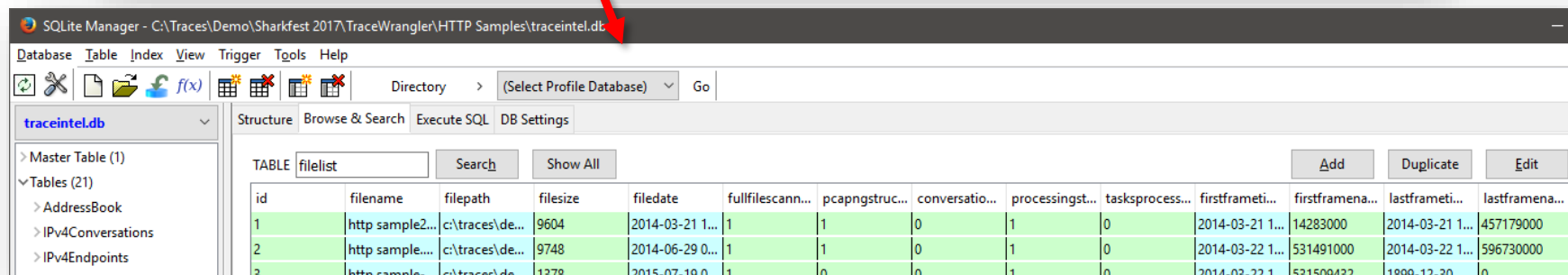
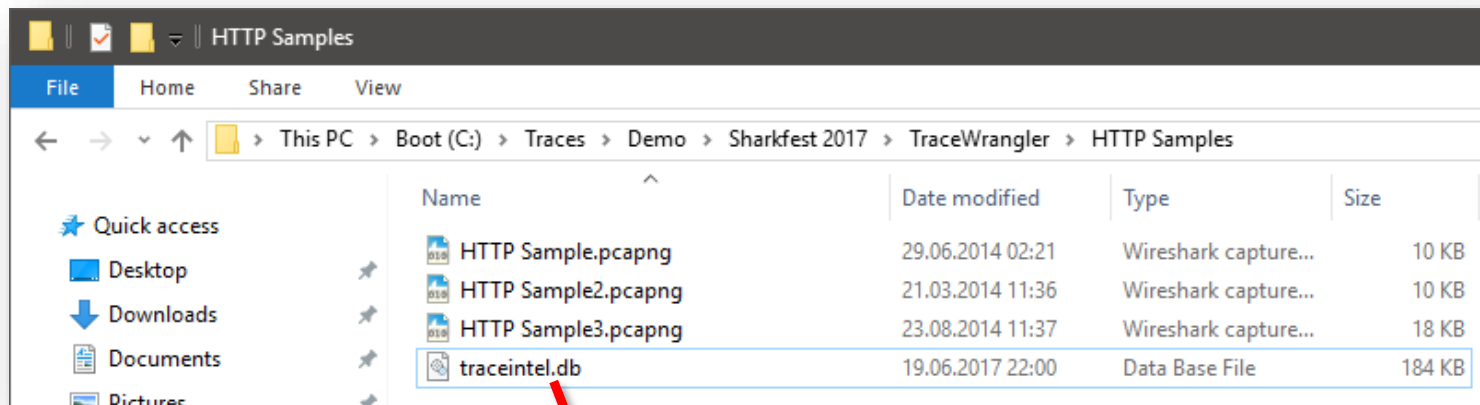
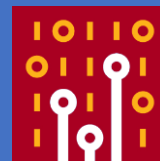


- By default, Tracewrangler scans all files up to 50MB once
 - Main purpose is to extract meta data about conversations and other details
 - Results are written to a database file
- Scan threshold can be configured in preferences
 - A setting of „0“ scans all files, regardless of size
 - Database name and location can be configured
 - Per default it's put into the same path as the files scanned



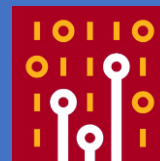


The meta data SQLite database





Add Tasks



- Add a task to tell Tracewrangler what it should do:
 - Sanitize/Anonymize
 - Extract
 - Edit
 - Merge
- Or use the tools:
 - Conversation summary
 - Renaming files
 - Updating file timestamps

→ Anonymize Files
Remove sensitive details

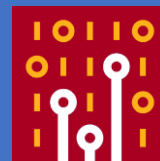
→ Extract from Files
Extract specific packets

→ Edit Files
Edit/remove layers

→ Merge Files
Merge and filter packets



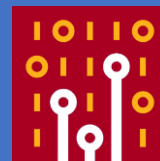
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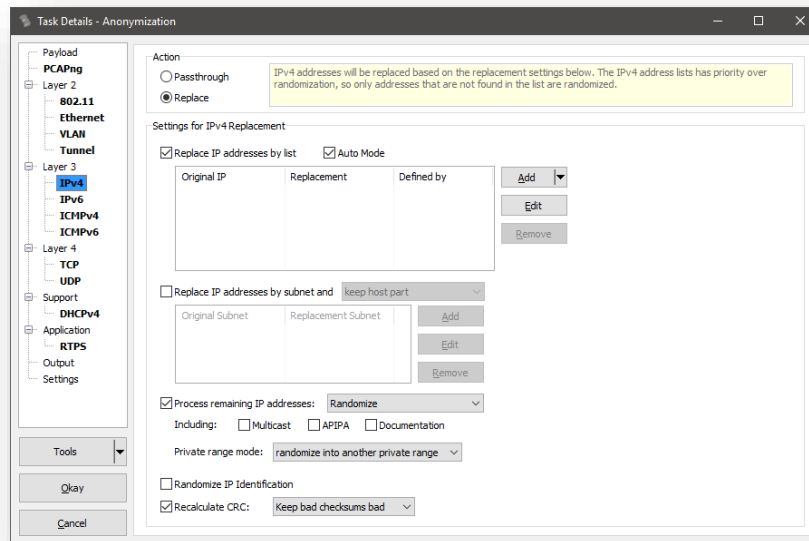
Tracewrangler Tasks: Anonymization



Task Overview: Anonymize/Sanitize

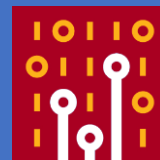


- Removes/changes sensitive details from a capture file
 - MAC Addresses, IP addresses, application payload and other things
- Comes with a default preset that should be fine in most situations
 - Can be overridden with a modified default
 - The „factory default“ can always be restored





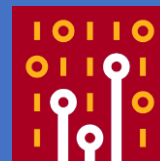
Sanitization – How it works



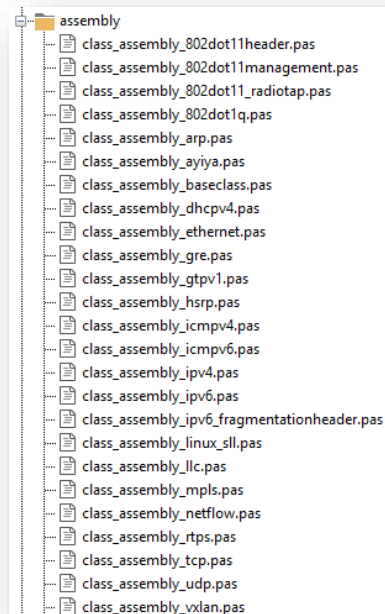
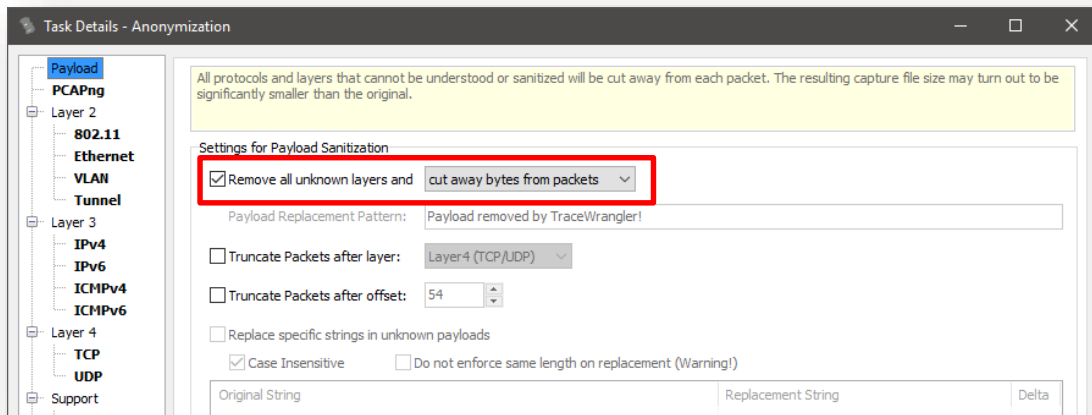
- Sanitization is a four step process:
 1. Parse the packet bottom-up (e.g. Ethernet – IPv4 – TCP – Unknown)
 2. Extract all values (addresses, ports, flags, ...)
 3. Change/remove all sensitive details of parsed values
 4. Build new packet top-down (e.g. TCP – IPv4 – Ethernet)
- Everything that isn't understood by Tracewrangler will **not** make it into the newly constructed packet!



Sanitization – Handling „unknown“ Protocols

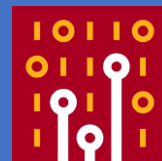


- Tracewrangler can sanitize 24 protocols as of Sharkfest 2018
- **All others** are considered unknown payload, and cut away by default!





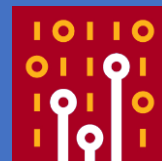
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Demo: Anonymization



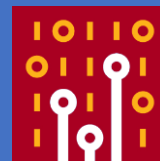
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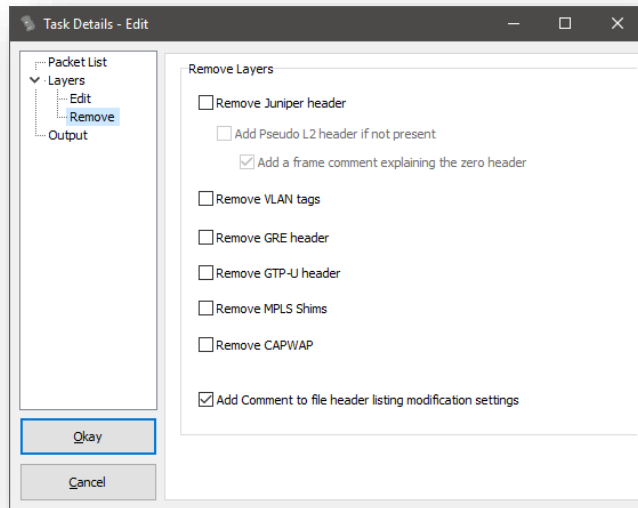
Tracewrangler Tasks: Editing



Task Overview: Editing Packets

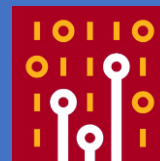


- Mostly used to
 - remove unwanted packet layers
 - de-encapsulate protocols
 - convert link layer types
 - fix badly sliced packets
- Some features are also available via Wireshark CLI tools, e.g. reordercap and editcap





Editing – How it works



- Editing packets (removing/converting protocol layers) is not just „cut away x bytes at static offset y“
 - Protocol layers are parsed, determining protocol start and end offsets
 - When removing layers, „Next Protocol“ fields are adjusted to correctly link the remaining layers, e.g. Ethertypes:

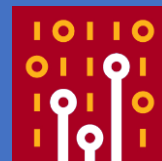
```
> Frame 1: 64 bytes on wire (512 bits), 64 bytes captured (512 bits)
✓ Ethernet II, Src: ca:03:0d:b4:00:1c (ca:03:0d:b4:00:1c), Dst: Broadcast (ff:ff:ff:ff:ff:ff)
  > Destination: Broadcast (ff:ff:ff:ff:ff:ff)
  > Source: ca:03:0d:b4:00:1c (ca:03:0d:b4:00:1c)
    Type: 802.1Q Virtual LAN (0x8100)
✓ 802.1Q Virtual LAN, PRI: 0, CFI: 0, ID: 100
  000. .... = Priority: Best Effort (default) (0)
  ...0 .... = CFI: Canonical (0)
  .... 0000 0110 0100 = ID: 100
  Type: 802.1Q Virtual LAN (0x8100)
✓ 802.1Q Virtual LAN, PRI: 0, CFI: 0, ID: 200
  000. .... = Priority: Best Effort (default) (0)
  ...0 .... = CFI: Canonical (0)
  .... 0000 1100 1000 = ID: 200
  Type: ARP (0x0806)
  Padding: 00000000000000000000
  Trailer: 00000000
> Address Resolution Protocol (request)
```



```
> Frame 1: 56 bytes on wire (448 bits), 56 bytes captured (448 bits) on interface 0
✓ Ethernet II, Src: ca:03:0d:b4:00:1c (ca:03:0d:b4:00:1c), Dst: Broadcast (ff:ff:ff:ff:ff:ff)
  > Destination: Broadcast (ff:ff:ff:ff:ff:ff)
  > Source: ca:03:0d:b4:00:1c (ca:03:0d:b4:00:1c)
    Type: ARP (0x0806)
    Trailer: 00000000000000000000000000000000
> Address Resolution Protocol (request)
```



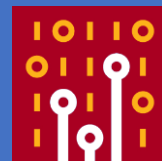
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Demo: Editing packets



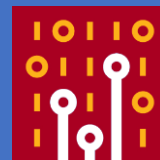
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Tracewrangler Tasks: Extraction



Task Overview: Extracting Packets



- The goal is to extract packets of interest from a large number of packets
 - This usually requires an idea what you want to have extracted
- Most common use case: carving full TCP conversations from big files
 - Especially for situations where you have one packet and need the rest of the same flow



Extracting packets – How it works

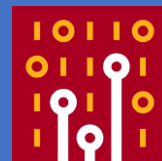


- Tracewrangler uses the meta database to
 - speed up the extraction process: positions of first and last packet to carve are well known
 - help the user looking up interesting flows
- Extracted packets can be written to a single file, or to multiple files based on a file name pattern:

The screenshot shows a dialog box titled "File Output options". It contains a "Filename:" label followed by a text input field with the pattern "<sourceip>.<sourceport>-<destinationip>.<destinationport>.pcapng" and a dropdown arrow. Below this is a checkbox labeled "Set output file timestamp to" which is checked, followed by a dropdown menu showing "first frame time".



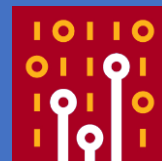
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Demo: Extracting Packets



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Demo: Tools



Q&A

Mail: jasper@packet-foo.com

Web: blog.packet-foo.com

Twitter: [@packetjay](https://twitter.com/packetjay)